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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/646,944	08/21/2003	Jerry M. Brownstein	BROW0005	2977
7590 03/29/2006			EXAMINER	
LAW OFFIC	ES OF RONALD M.	COLE, ELIZABETH M		
Suite 507 600-108th Ave	enue N.E.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Bellevue, WA				

DATE MAILED: 03/29/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/646,944	BROWNSTEIN ET AL				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Elizabeth M. Cole	1771				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence addres	ss			
Period fo							
WHIC - Exten after: - If NO - Failur Any r	CRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICATION OF THE MAILING DESIGNATION OF THE MAILING THE	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fit, cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. e timely filed rom the mailing date of this commu NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	. •			
Status			•	•			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
• —	•	—· s action is non-final.					
	·		prosecution as to the me	erits is			
• —	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
	closed in accordance with the practice under a	ex parto quayro, root o.b	100 0.0.1270.				
Dispositi	on of Claims			:			
4)⊠							
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) 88-90 is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			• .			
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>57-60 and 62-71</u> is/are rejected.		·				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		• •			
A 12 42							
Applicati	on Papers						
• —	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) 🔲 .	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached Off	ice Action or form PTO-	152			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	nriority under 35 LLS C & 110)(a)-(d) or (f)				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for loreign ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 33 0.3.0. § 118	(a)-(d) or (i).				
a)L	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document	e have been received					
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		ration No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior			ige			
	application from the International Burea		·	.90			
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Attachmen	t(s)			: ·			
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) X Interview Summ					
3) X Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Datel 2/3/p3	Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:	il Date. <u>110805</u> al Patent Application (PTO-15	2)			

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1. Newly submitted claims 88-90 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: claims 88-90 are directed to a method of making an absorbent and a independent or distinct for the reasons set forth in the restriction requirement mailed

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 88-90 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claim 71 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP 63221187.
- JP '187 discloses a method of adsorbing oil comprising the steps of providing delustered polymeric fibers and using the fibers to absorbent oil from sea water.
- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 57, 60-61, 64-70, 71 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being 5. unpatentable over Mendes, U.S. Patent No. 5,779,392 in view of JP 63221187 and DE 3728899C. Mendes discloses a porous containment means having a plurality of hydrophobic, oleophilic organic fibers disposed therein to absorb and contain oil spills. See col. 3, lines 45-50. Mendes differs from the claimed invention because Mendes does not disclose employing delustered fibers and does not disclose that the fibers should be formed by shredding waste. JP '187 teaches that titanium dioxide which is a conventionally used delustrant can be incorporated into organic fibers which are to be used to absorb oil JP '187 teaches that titanium dioxide is an active filler and that it enhances the ability of the fibers to absorb oil. See abstract. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have employed fibers which incorporated titanium dioxide as the oleophilic fibers in Mendes, motivated by the teaching of JP '187 that the use of the titanium dioxide will increase the ability of the fibers to absorb oil. With regard to the step of shredding waste materials, DE '899 teaches separating paper and plastic materials and shredding waste materials in order to form a fibrous material. The shredded fibers can be used as the adsorbent material to absorbent oil spills. See abstract. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have employed shredded waste materials such as those taught by DE '899 as the fibers' in Mendes, motivated by the expectation that these fibers would be suitable for use as oil adsorbing fibers and also motivated by the expectation that this would enable the fibers to be recycled. With regard to claims 64-69, DE '899 teaches separating plastic

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materials from other types of materials such as paper, and that the shredding process can produce coarse or less coarse fibrous shreds. See abstract. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have controlled the shredding process of DE '899 so that the fibrous material comprised a single type of fiber having the desired length, etc. A complete translation of DE '899 has been ordered and will be included with the next office action.

6. Claims 58-59, 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mendes, U.S. Patent No. 5,779,392 in view of JP 63221187 and DE 3728899C as applied to claims above, and further in view of Mesek et al, U.S. Patent No. 4045833. Mendes does not teach the use of both long and short fibers.

With regard to the use of long and short fibers, Mesek et al teaches at col. 1, lines 52-68, that employing both long and short fibers in a nonwoven fabric enhances the strength, structural stability and integrity of the fabric. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have employed long and short fibers in the fibrous mass of Mendes. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ long and short fibers in order to enhance the strength and integrity of the nonwoven. It would have been obvious to have optimized the particular lengths and proportions of the fibers in order to obtain a nonwoven having the desired combination of strength and absorbency.

7. Applicant's arguments filed 1/3/06have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

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The Declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 filed 12/5/05 is insufficient to overcome the 8. rejection of claims based upon Mendes in view of DE '899 as set forth in the last Office action because: the showing set forth in the Declaration is not commensurate in the claims since the showing only tests a particular material, (94% delustered synthetic fibers and 6% natural fibers) and compares that material with bulk virgin polypropylene fibers, but the instant claims are not limited to whatever the particular synthetic fiber which was tested is and do not recite any natural fibers. Further, applicant has not shown that the differences between the oil absorption of the delustered fibers versus the virgin synthetic fibers is significant and unexpected. The difference in adsorption at 5 and 1 grams of oil is less than one percent. The burden is on Applicant to show that the results are significant and unexpected. Additionally, the showing must be commensurate in scope with claims. Here, Applicant has compared a single unnamed fiber blended with a natural fiber to virgin polypropylene fibers. The comparison is not commensurate in scope with the claims. Therefore, the Declaration is insufficient to overcome the rejection of the claims as set forth in the previous action. However, in view of the newly discovered JP 63221187 reference, the rejection is modified as set forth above.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elizabeth M. Cole whose telephone number is (571) 272-1475. The examiner may be reached between 6:30 AM and 6:00 PM Monday through Wednesday, and 6:30 AM and 2 PM on Thursday.

Mr. Terrel Morris, the examiner's supervisor, may be reached at (571) 272-1478.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

The fax number for all official faxes is (571) 273-8300.

Elizabeth M. Cole Primary Examiner Art Unit 1771

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